

## CASH RAISING Liquidation Sale

—ALL—

### Clothing

Sold At and Less Than Cost

MONEY WE WANT  
MONEY WE MUST HAVE

# WE are compelled to Sacrifice our high grade, up-to-date stock of CLOTHING

FURNISHING GOODS  
BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS

## CASH RAISING Liquidation Sale

—ALL—

### Furnishing Goods

Sold At and Less Than Cost

MONEY WE WANT  
MONEY WE MUST HAVE

For years it has been our constant aim to handle only the very best of merchandise, goods that only find their way in exclusive men's and boy's houses, never such goods as are sold in department stores or job lot houses.

Hard luck caused by the drouth and the unsettled water problem makes it compulsory to raise money quick. Hence our

# CASH RAISING LIQUIDATION SALE

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—ALL—

### Boots and Shoes

Sold At and Less Than Cost

MONEY WE WANT  
MONEY WE MUST HAVE

## MONEY WE WANT MONEY WE MUST HAVE

KEEP YOUR EYE ON

# Goldberg Bros.

## CASH RAISING Liquidation Sale

—ALL—

### Hats and Caps

Sold At and Less Than Cost

MONEY WE WANT  
MONEY WE MUST HAVE

### Points About People

Steps have been taken in Philadelphia toward the organization of a local authors' club, of which it is expected to make Dr. S. Wells Mitchell the first president.

Miss Anna West Shaw, a St. Louis artist, has been commissioned to paint a portrait of Queen Alexandra, and will soon depart for London. She is a grandniece of Benjamin West one of the leading painters of early America.

President Chester D. Harriman of the Hartford Theological Seminary will go abroad about the middle of next month and will be absent for a year. During his stay in Europe he will devote much of his time to the publication of his compilation of the works of Kaspar von Schoenfeld, the German reformer. There will be fifteen or sixteen volumes, including the published and unpublished writings of Von Schoenfeld.

The late Benjamin Ellsworth of Ipswich, Mass., who has been keeper of the light on Castle Neck, Ipswich, since 1861, was the oldest light house keeper of the country. He was born in 1812, was married three times, and managed successfully to rear a family of nine children on a salary of \$100 a year.

The Very Reverend Sister Agnes Mary, superior of the Academy of Notre Dame, Philadelphia, has been appointed provincial of the order in the United States, to succeed the late Mother Julia and Sister Georgiana, superior of the New England Novitiate at Waltham, Mass., has been appointed to the presidency of the new Trinity College, Washington. Sister Agnes began her novitiate in Cincinnati twenty years ago. Several years ago she was assigned to the Academy of Notre Dame in Philadelphia, an assignment to the late National Protestant Mother Julia. She served successfully as member of the faculty, presessor of the boarding school, and finally as mother superior, succeeding Sister Julia when the latter was made provincial. Her promotion is the highest honor that can come to any member of her religious society in the United States.

Dr. J. Edward Gray is an American by birth and a Siamese major in the Siamese navy for the last thirteen years, has recently had conferred upon him by the King of Siam the Royal Order of the White Elephant.

The Rev. Dr. George W. King of Worcester, is being considered as a candidate for president of Great university at Chattanooga, Tenn. Responsible persons have approached him with a view to having him succeed the Rev. Dr. John E. Rues, A. M., who resigned two months ago and whose term expires in the end of March. Dr. King does not care to discuss the matter, as whatever has taken place has been unofficial.

### COURTESY REWARDED.

An Illinois millionaire, dying, bequeathed \$1,000 to a railroad conductor with whom he had often ridden, and who always took pains to answer his questions courteously and fully. It is

hoped that that thousand will prove an investment by the dead man for the benefit of posterity. The traveling public usually receives kindly treatment from the trainmen, but now and then a nasty chap will be found in uniform whose indifference to the distress of the passengers produces unhappy results. With the possibility of a post-mortem reward coming from some appreciative traveler the unaccommodating railroad man may become more communicative and helpful.

The tendency today is toward greater consideration toward the public on the part of the employees of the corporations, and these employees rightly encourage this disposition, realizing that in these times of sharp competition the organization which engages the most considerate assistants makes the strongest appeal for patronage.—Washington Star.

### LOYALTY KEEPS HIM IN JAIL.

Will Not Tell Name of the Woman Who Gave Him Liquor.

Two hundred and thirty-nine days of almost eight calendar months, is the length of time which William Seely of this city has spent as a prisoner in the county jail here because he declared to Judge Hawkins in the city court on July 5, 1901, that he would not disclose where and from whom he had procured the liquor which made him intoxicated the previous evening.

Not only has Seely's term of confinement already been a long one, but unless he or Judge Hawkins changes his mind or something out of the ordinary transpires, the peculiar Vermont prohibition law warrants keeping him in jail the rest of his life.

Seely says that should he disclose, it would cause no end of trouble, as the person who gave him the liquor in question was a woman who has been very near and dear to him, and that it would be the height of ingratitude to divulge her name and thus bring her into court to plead to the offense of furnishing him with liquor.

Meanwhile the sheriff's bill for Seely's board, chargeable to the state of Vermont, is \$112.50, and is growing larger by an addition of 50 cents each day.—Burlington (Vt.) Correspondence Chicago Record-Herald.

### MERE OPINION.

It's a goose that works your way all the time.

Perhaps the goose that laid the golden egg got discouraged because it dropped on her leg.

The way of the transgressor may be hard, but that of his victim is generally a little worse.

Some of the people who talk so much are merely trying to keep the world from finding out that they have little to say.

A good woman's children rise up and call her blessed after they are married and can't get back home more than once every four or five years.—Chicago Record-Herald.

Instead of saying "How are you?" to a certain Atchison man, his acquaintances always ask, "How is your latest scheme?"

### Prince and President

Official, diplomatic and secret service circles received a shock at the hands of Prince Henry and President Roosevelt today. Incidentally the prince enjoyed one event not on the official itinerary mapped out for him by Ambassador von Holleben and the state department. A sixteen-mile horseback ride through mud and rain was taken by the president and Prince Henry.

Yesterday afternoon Prince Henry and President Roosevelt came from the capital together in an open carriage. They bowed along at a lively speed, surrounded by cheering cavaliers, hard-riding mounted policemen and a squad of bicycle policemen. The ride was exhilarating and the president told Prince Henry that he would like to take him for a jaunt on horseback. The prince agreed eagerly, and it was arranged that they should have the ride this afternoon after the prince's return from Annapolis.

This afternoon between 4 and 5 the prince went to the White House in riding clothes. The president was waiting with his favorite mount, Blenheim, and Senator Lodge's mount, a handsome bay, for the prince, equipped with a McClelland saddle.

The prince and the president dashed out of the White House grounds by the rear gate. They started for Cabin John bridge, eight miles away, riding at a hard gallop. It was pleasant when they started, but before they were half way to the park there was a heavy thunder storm.

They rode into Cabin John bridge, took a turn through the forest, standing and riding, clothes covered with mud. They took something to counteract the effect of the rain and started back after a few minutes' delay.

They pointed along the road to the White House, riding at full speed. When they arrived they were mud from head to heels, but both were in the highest spirits. They had eluded detectives, bodyguard, secret services men and all the careful watchers. For sixteen miles the president and his royal guest were in the country together, riding like roopers and laughing and chatting like school boys.

The personal attaches of the prince stood in the rain nervously awaiting his return. The guards who were to follow the president threw up their hands before the start was made. They had had experience with the president before and knew there was nothing for them to do but wait and trust in Providence to keep the president from harm.—Washington Correspondence of New York World.

### CONGRESS NEEDS AN EDITOR.

There were no fool called upon to review the actions of the Congressional Record for the slightest mistake. Upon page 2249 we find the following:

"At this point the president and senators rose, and Prince Henry of Prussia entered the chamber, accompanied by his suite and the reception committee, and he was escorted to a seat

provided for him on the left of the president by the speaker."

Following the above paragraph are three columns of running debate, set forth in the ordinary "duller-than-dishwater" style in vogue in the Record office, and then comes this bit of news:

"At this point Prince Henry of Prussia retired from the chamber and appeared on the floor and in the galleries."

The above constitutes the entire "story" of the prince's visit to the senate chamber as it is reported in the Record. Could anything be duller, more uninteresting or more discreditable to the American journalistic profession?

We have previously pointed out how badly the Record needs a sporting editor. Now we are led to believe that its office needs a regular "shakedown" and a generous infusion of new blood. In its present condition it produces a journal that is about a century behind its contemporaries.—Baltimore American.

### AFTER HUGO, SILENCE.

It was a quarter of a century ago that the writer of this paragraph first saw Victor Hugo, the centenary of whose birth was recently celebrated. It was at a congress of European authors, assembled in Paris to discuss the question of international copyright. Nearly all the distinguished authors then living were present at this congress. Hugo presided. On his right was M. Leon, then French minister of public instruction, and on his left was Turgeneff, the great Russian novelist. It was the opening day of the congress, and Hugo delivered an address of welcome to the delegates.

At the conclusion of his address, a delegate arose and began to discuss the question before the congress. He had not spoken a dozen words when the presiding officer rapped him to order. "Silence," said the president, "body breaks after Hugo. The congress is adjourned until tomorrow." There was no dissent from this ruling of President Hugo, and the delegates dispersed.

It was an impressive demonstration of Hugo's tremendous domination of his age, as well as of the profound respect in which he was held by his literary contemporaries.—Boston Herald.

### REMEMBERANCE OF A BARRISTER.

He who speculates has lost. Vanity is the cheap adornment of the man who has no mind.

Trusting fully touches men more than masculine wisdom.

Way down in his heart a father regards the wild ones of his son as a complement to the old black of which he is a chip.

The man who has never been made a fool of by women hasn't had enough experience with human nature to make fools of men.—New York Press.

### NOTICE OF SALE OF COLLATERAL SECURITIES.

To J. Ernest Walker, W. H. Black and whomsoever it may concern:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN. That the undersigned will, on the 15th day of March, 1902, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the front door of the Court House in the City of Phoenix, Maricopa County, Arizona, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, all the following collateral securities, to-wit:

Certificates numbered one (1) to twelve (12) inclusive, each for 4 shares, and certificates numbered forty-nine (49) and fifty (50), each for 2 shares of the capital stock of the Buckeye Canal & Land Company, and issued by the Buckeye Canal & Land Company; also certificate No. 102 for twenty shares of said capital stock, also issued by said Buckeye Canal & Land Company, and stamped, "this share of stock is not entitled to water."

Note of L. W. Hill for \$25, of date July 25, 1900, due ninety days after date, drawing interest at the rate of 10 per cent per annum from date.

Note of Loren O. Taylor and Candelina M. Taylor, his wife, for \$150, of date Nov. 28, 1900, due Sept. 1, 1902, secured by mortgage on the NW 1/4 of Sec. 15, 16, 40, Maricopa County, Arizona; draws interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from date.

Note of Loren O. Taylor and Candelina M. Taylor, his wife, for \$300, of date Nov. 28, 1900, due Sept. 1, 1901, secured by mortgage on NW 1/4 Sec. 15, 16, Maricopa County, Arizona.

Note of Claudius M. Zander for \$800, of date Nov. 28, 1900, due Dec. 1, 1901, secured by mortgage on the NW 1/4 of Sec. 10 and NW 1/4 Sec. 15, 16, 40, Maricopa County, Arizona; draws interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from date until paid. On Feb. 26, 1901, there was paid on this note, \$16 interest.

Note of Claudius M. Zander for \$540, of date Nov. 28, 1900, due December 1, 1902, secured by mortgage on the NW 1/4 of Sec. 10 and NW 1/4 Sec. 15, 16, 40, Maricopa County, Arizona; draws interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from date. On Feb. 26, 1901, \$19.30 interest was paid on this note.

Note of Claudius M. Zander for \$200, of date Nov. 28, 1900, due Jan. 1, 1901, secured by mortgage on the NW 1/4 of Sec. 10 and NW 1/4 Sec. 15, 16, 40, Maricopa County, Arizona; draws interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from date until paid. On Feb. 26, 1901, \$4 was paid on interest on this note.

Note of Mrs. Lucinda Marshall and J. R. Marshall for \$200, of date Feb. 23, 1901, due three months after date, secured by mortgage on the NW 1/4 of Sec. 12, 13, 30, Maricopa County, Arizona, with interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from date. On March 30, 1901, there was paid on this note the sum of \$200.

Note of Charles H. Wood and Bertha L. Wood for \$200, of date Aug. 1, 1900, due fifteen months after date, with interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from date.

Note of Jacob G. Sweeney for \$180, of date July 23, 1900, due one year from date, secured by chattel mortgage, which chattel mortgage is recorded in Book 5, at page 2 of Chattel Mortgages, in the office of the County Recorder of

Maricopa County, Arizona; draws interest at the rate of 10 per cent per year from date. On Jan. 1, 1901, there was paid \$47 on this note; on Feb. 17, 1900, there was paid \$35 on this note; on April 13, 1901, there was paid \$100 on this note.

Note of Thomas J. Levy and wife for \$240, of date July 3, 1900, due on or before one year from date, secured by chattel mortgage, which chattel mortgage is recorded in Book 4, page 219 of Chattel Mortgages, recorded in the Recorder's office of Maricopa County, Arizona.

Note of James H. Norton and Annie Norton for \$150, of date July 20, 1900, due one year from date, secured by chattel mortgage, which said chattel mortgage is recorded in Book 5 at page 14 of Chattel Mortgages in the Recorder's office of Maricopa County, Arizona. This note bears interest at the rate of 10 per cent per year from date until paid.

Note of L. S. Barker and Ann M. Barker, his wife, for \$600.00, of date Nov. 12, 1900, due three years after date, secured by mortgage on the NW 1/4 of Sec. 20, 18, 40, Maricopa County, Arizona; draws interest at the rate of 8 per cent per year from date.

Also tax certificates of sale of land in Maricopa County, dated during the month of April, 1901, numbered 332, 461, 563, 525, 434, 451, 281, 383, 373, 457, 374, 239, 799, 238, 373, 400, 543, 348, 322, 404, 217, 225, 218, 167, 236, 214, 435, 271, 114, 243, 450, 462, 413, 235, 291, 403, 402, 474, 270.

Also tax certificates of sale of land in Maricopa County, dated during the month of April, 1900, numbered 397, 99, 66, 82, 168, 169, 239, 342, 348, 198.

Said collaterals having been deposited with and pledged to the undersigned by J. Ernest Walker to secure the payment of his promissory note to the undersigned, dated Oct. 12, 1901, due Nov. 12, 1901, for \$11,200, with interest at 8 per cent per annum from maturity until paid, said note being unpaid and demand for payment having been made since its maturity and refused, and there being now due thereon \$1077.57, application of the proceeds of said sale will be made to the satisfaction of said debt, interest and the costs of said sale.

Dated March 8, 1902.

THE PHOENIX NATIONAL BANK.

By L. H. CHALMERS,

Its Attorney.

### Spring is upon us...

and your SYSTEM is more or less run down and you need a TONIC for your LIVER and KIDNEYS. GLENDOLLOID is a RELIABLE Spring Medicine. You get it at

### Bear's Drug Store

Opposite City Hall  
Middle of the Block.

Pure Wines and Liquors for Medical use. No cheap goods offered you, nor are they made in our back room.

